

Poly[μ_3 - β -alanine-aqua- μ_4 -sulfato-dilithium]

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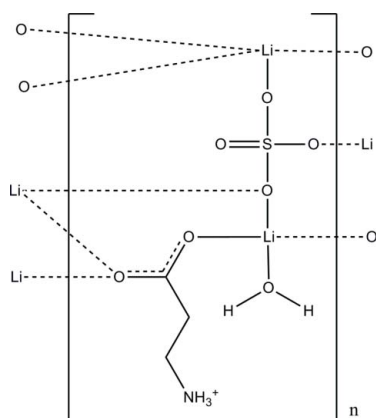
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.041; wR factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.5.

The title compound, $[\text{Li}_2(\text{SO}_4)(\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]_n$, is a coordination polymer in which the β -alanine residues remain in the zwitterionic form. The crystal structure consists of corrugated sheets of $[\text{LiO}_4]$ and $[\text{SO}_4]$ tetrahedra parallel to (010) with the β -alanine molecules located between the sheets. The two independent Li^+ cations are four-coordinated by O atoms in a distorted tetrahedral geometry. The crystal structure is formed by stacking of alternate organic and inorganic layers along the a axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For related structures with glycine as the amino acid, see: Fleck & Bohatý (2004). For related metal-organic compounds, see: Anbuechziyan *et al.* (2010); Liao *et al.* (2001); Pestov *et al.* (2005); Urpí *et al.* (2003). For the importance of β -alanine and lithium in medicine and pharmaceuticals, see: Anderson *et al.* (2008); Cipriani *et al.* (2005); Derave *et al.* (2007); Geddes *et al.* (2004); Poolsup *et al.* (2000); Tiedje *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Li}_2(\text{SO}_4)(\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{NO}_2)(\text{H}_2\text{O})]$
 $M_r = 217.05$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 5.1093$ (4) Å
 $b = 9.2367$ (8) Å
 $c = 9.6769$ (8) Å
 $\alpha = 68.725$ (3)°
 $\beta = 82.576$ (3)°

$\gamma = 89.045$ (3)°
 $V = 421.77$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 2$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.39$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 296$ K
 $0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1999)
 $T_{\min} = 0.875$, $T_{\max} = 0.909$

6764 measured reflections
 2045 independent reflections
 1899 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.062$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.07$
 2045 reflections
 163 parameters
 3 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.42$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}-\text{HNA}\cdots\text{O5}^i$	0.94 (4)	2.58 (4)	2.981 (2)	106 (3)
$\text{N}-\text{HNA}\cdots\text{O4}^i$	0.94 (4)	2.25 (4)	3.082 (3)	147 (3)
$\text{N}-\text{HNB}\cdots\text{O4}^{ii}$	0.88 (4)	2.02 (4)	2.851 (2)	157 (4)
$\text{N}-\text{HNC}\cdots\text{O2}$	0.93 (3)	2.32 (3)	2.928 (2)	123 (2)
$\text{N}-\text{HNC}\cdots\text{O2}^{iii}$	0.93 (3)	2.12 (3)	2.947 (2)	148 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z - 1$; (ii) $x, y, z - 1$; (iii) $-x, -y + 2, -z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SIR92 (Altomare *et al.*, 1993); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: OLEX2 (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97, PLATON (Spek, 2009) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZJ2051).

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Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, m206-m207 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812002115]

Poly[μ_3 - β -alanine-aqua- μ_4 -sulfato-dilithium]

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Comment

Naturally available β -alanine is constituent of the dipeptides, carnosine and anserine. It has the ability to form coordinate complexes with different metals both transition and nontransition elements due to its free carboxylate anion in its zwitterionic form. Previous reports have shown that β -alanine was forming crystalline complexes with organic and inorganic compounds (Liao *et al.*, 2001; Urpí *et al.*, 2003; Pestov *et al.*, 2005; Anbuechziyan *et al.*, 2010).

Herein, we are reporting a very interesting crystal structure of β -alanine with lithium sulfate. Both β -alanine and lithium got tremendous interest to chemists due to their importance in medicine and pharmaceuticals (Poolsup *et al.*, 2000; Cipriani *et al.*, 2005; Anderson *et al.*, 2008; Tiedje *et al.*, 2010). Recently β -alanine is gaining momentum as a sports medicine (Derave *et al.*, 2007) and Lithium remains as the 'gold standard' drug as mood stabiliser suitable for bipolar disorder (Geddes *et al.*, 2004). Hence the study of the title compound, which is formed by the combination of two potential drugs *viz.* β -alanine and lithium sulfate, will be very much useful for drug design and identification of the material.

The asymmetric unit (Fig.1) contains one-half of the compound, the other half being related to the first by an inversion centre. The structure of the title compound (Fig.2), is composed of corrugated sheets of [LiO₄] tetrahedra and [SO₄] tetrahedra parallel to (010). These sheets consist of three crystallographically different tetrahedra (around atoms Li1, Li2 and S). These tetrahedra are connected by common corners with O atoms. The tetrahedra around Li1, Li2 are connected by O1 and Li1, S by O3. The tetrahedron around S is connected with three Li2 tetrahedra by O3, O4 and O5. The tip of each tetrahedron faces away from the sheet. The coordination environment around the Li1 and Li2 atoms involving O atoms form distorted tetrahedron because the coordinating O atoms have dissimilar attachments. The Li1 atom is coordinated by two O atoms from two different β -alanine carboxyl anions, one O from the water ligand and another O from the SO₄ ligand. The Li2 atom is also four-coordinated by four O atoms of which three O atoms are from SO₄ group of different asymmetric units and another O is from the carboxyl anion of the β -alanine ligand. The tetrahedral environment around S atom is regular with tetrahedral angle 109.121 (75)° as all the four O atoms attached to it have similarity in their association with atoms on the other end by having coordination with either Li1 or Li2 atoms only.

Experimental

All reagents were used as obtained commercially without further purification. A mixture containing β -alanine (89.1 mg, 1 mmol) and lithium sulfate monohydrate (127.9 mg, 1 mmol) were dissolved in 10 ml distilled water and heated to 50 °C for 2 h. The hot solution was filtered into a test tube and cooled to room temperature (30 °C). Colourless transparent crystals of the title compound were formed after four weeks which were suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction.

Primary characterization of the title compound was carried out by FTIR spectroscopy, Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC), Thermogravimetric Analysis (TGA) and CHNS elemental analysis. Following are the results of the CHNS elemental analysis for the title compound. Calculated: C, 16.60%; H, 4.19%; N, 6.45%; S, 14.77%. Observed: C, 16.87%; H, 3.57%;

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N, 6.48%; S, 12.4%. The close agreement between the calculated and observed values shows that the molecules of β -alanine, lithium sulfate and water have combined in equimolar ratio to form the title compound. From TGA we observed a weight loss of 8% between 166°C and 193°C which shows the presence of water molecules in the equimolar ratio in the title compound.

Refinement

The water H atoms were located in a difference Fourier, and refined isotropically with O—H restraints (0.86 (2) Å). All other H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.96–0.97 Å; N—H = 0.91 Å) and in the refinement process were allowed to ride on their carrier atoms with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$.

Figures

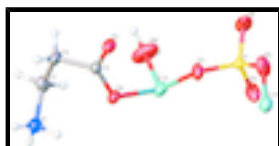


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, with atom labels and anisotropic displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

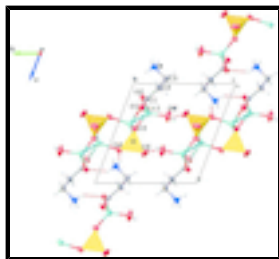


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of the title compound as viewed down the crystallographic a axis. Hydrogen bonds are represented by red dotted lines.

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Crystal data

[Li₂(SO₄)(C₃H₇NO₂)(H₂O)]

$M_r = 217.05$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

$a = 5.1093$ (4) Å

$b = 9.2367$ (8) Å

$c = 9.6769$ (8) Å

$\alpha = 68.725$ (3)°

$\beta = 82.576$ (3)°

$\gamma = 89.045$ (3)°

$V = 421.77$ (6) Å³

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 224$

$D_x = 1.709$ Mg m⁻³

$D_m = 1.71$ Mg m⁻³

D_m measured by Floatation

Melting point: 457.9 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 184 reflections

$\theta = 2.3$ – 24.3 °

$\mu = 0.39$ mm⁻¹

$T = 296$ K

Block, colourless

$0.35 \times 0.30 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD
diffractometer

2045 independent reflections

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1899 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.062$
ω and ϕ scan	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 28.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 1999)	$h = -6 \rightarrow 6$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.875$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.909$	$k = -12 \rightarrow 12$
6764 measured reflections	$l = -12 \rightarrow 12$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.07$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.2641P]$
2045 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
163 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
3 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.42 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S	-0.30781 (7)	0.77817 (4)	0.59785 (4)	0.01721 (16)
O5	-0.5839 (3)	0.7797 (2)	0.57385 (16)	0.0396 (4)
O4	-0.2641 (3)	0.89203 (17)	0.66688 (16)	0.0356 (4)
O2	0.0637 (2)	0.85784 (15)	0.13776 (14)	0.0254 (3)
O3	-0.1386 (2)	0.82127 (16)	0.45218 (14)	0.0261 (3)
O1	0.4349 (2)	0.83197 (17)	0.23942 (15)	0.0287 (3)
O6	-0.2486 (4)	0.62525 (19)	0.69837 (19)	0.0535 (5)
C1	0.2965 (3)	0.81463 (19)	0.14778 (18)	0.0197 (3)
C2	0.4192 (4)	0.7346 (3)	0.0438 (2)	0.0291 (4)
C3	0.2349 (4)	0.7090 (2)	-0.0549 (2)	0.0287 (4)

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N	0.1701 (4)	0.8593 (2)	-0.16740 (19)	0.0304 (4)
OW	-0.1998 (4)	0.53707 (19)	0.3258 (3)	0.0581 (6)
Li2	-0.2349 (6)	1.1171 (4)	0.5940 (3)	0.0261 (6)
Li1	-0.2272 (6)	0.7488 (4)	0.2953 (4)	0.0256 (6)
HNA	0.321 (7)	0.912 (4)	-0.232 (4)	0.060 (9)*
HNB	0.055 (7)	0.846 (4)	-0.222 (4)	0.069 (10)*
HWB	-0.325 (5)	0.473 (3)	0.364 (4)	0.069 (10)*
H3A	0.321 (5)	0.649 (3)	-0.109 (3)	0.040 (7)*
H3B	0.070 (6)	0.660 (3)	0.004 (3)	0.047 (7)*
H4B	0.482 (6)	0.643 (4)	0.097 (3)	0.052 (8)*
H4A	0.569 (6)	0.793 (3)	-0.013 (3)	0.054 (8)*
HWA	-0.058 (5)	0.485 (4)	0.340 (5)	0.107 (15)*
HNC	0.109 (5)	0.927 (3)	-0.120 (3)	0.033 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S	0.0138 (2)	0.0201 (2)	0.0187 (2)	0.00037 (14)	-0.00144 (14)	-0.00835 (16)
O5	0.0141 (6)	0.0760 (11)	0.0284 (7)	-0.0078 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	-0.0183 (7)
O4	0.0448 (8)	0.0376 (8)	0.0311 (7)	-0.0141 (6)	0.0027 (6)	-0.0222 (6)
O2	0.0183 (6)	0.0344 (7)	0.0255 (6)	0.0063 (5)	-0.0024 (5)	-0.0136 (5)
O3	0.0172 (6)	0.0399 (8)	0.0233 (6)	-0.0055 (5)	0.0032 (4)	-0.0156 (5)
O1	0.0231 (6)	0.0419 (8)	0.0303 (7)	0.0084 (5)	-0.0090 (5)	-0.0224 (6)
O6	0.0649 (12)	0.0302 (8)	0.0444 (9)	0.0221 (8)	0.0117 (8)	0.0039 (7)
C1	0.0185 (7)	0.0226 (8)	0.0175 (7)	0.0024 (6)	-0.0004 (5)	-0.0073 (6)
C2	0.0266 (9)	0.0402 (10)	0.0275 (9)	0.0141 (8)	-0.0067 (7)	-0.0200 (8)
C3	0.0341 (10)	0.0304 (9)	0.0260 (9)	0.0004 (7)	-0.0028 (7)	-0.0157 (7)
N	0.0311 (8)	0.0404 (9)	0.0245 (8)	0.0098 (7)	-0.0064 (7)	-0.0168 (7)
OW	0.0394 (10)	0.0254 (8)	0.1070 (17)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0107 (10)	-0.0209 (9)
Li2	0.0187 (13)	0.0341 (16)	0.0290 (15)	-0.0015 (11)	-0.0018 (11)	-0.0161 (13)
Li1	0.0190 (13)	0.0311 (16)	0.0308 (15)	0.0034 (11)	-0.0042 (11)	-0.0160 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S—O6	1.4484 (15)	C3—N	1.485 (3)
S—O5	1.4579 (13)	C3—H3A	0.96 (3)
S—O4	1.4692 (13)	C3—H3B	0.97 (3)
S—O3	1.4772 (12)	N—HNA	0.94 (3)
O5—Li2 ⁱ	1.908 (4)	N—HNB	0.88 (4)
O4—Li2	1.939 (4)	N—HNC	0.93 (3)
O2—C1	1.253 (2)	OW—Li1	1.875 (4)
O2—Li1	1.974 (3)	OW—HWB	0.833 (18)
O3—Li2 ⁱⁱ	1.948 (3)	OW—HWA	0.859 (19)
O3—Li1	1.970 (3)	Li2—O5 ⁱ	1.908 (4)
O1—C1	1.257 (2)	Li2—O3 ⁱⁱ	1.948 (3)
O1—Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ	1.939 (3)	Li2—O1 ⁱⁱ	1.994 (3)
O1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	1.994 (3)	Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	2.771 (3)

C1—C2	1.521 (2)	Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	3.157 (4)
C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	2.771 (3)	Li2—Li1 ⁱ	3.214 (4)
C2—C3	1.503 (3)	Li1—O1 ^{iv}	1.939 (3)
C2—H4B	0.90 (3)	Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	3.157 (4)
C2—H4A	0.93 (3)	Li1—Li2 ⁱ	3.214 (4)
O6—S—O5	109.41 (11)	Li1—OW—HWB	123 (2)
O6—S—O4	108.78 (11)	Li1—OW—HWA	125 (3)
O5—S—O4	108.91 (10)	HWB—OW—HWA	106 (3)
O6—S—O3	111.20 (9)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—O4	114.67 (17)
O5—S—O3	109.12 (8)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—O3 ⁱⁱ	110.71 (16)
O4—S—O3	109.39 (8)	O4—Li2—O3 ⁱⁱ	108.30 (16)
S—O5—Li2 ⁱ	133.35 (13)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—O1 ⁱⁱ	104.37 (15)
S—O4—Li2	134.19 (13)	O4—Li2—O1 ⁱⁱ	103.06 (15)
C1—O2—Li1	120.86 (14)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Li2—O1 ⁱⁱ	115.69 (16)
S—O3—Li2 ⁱⁱ	128.04 (12)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	123.53 (15)
S—O3—Li1	121.15 (11)	O4—Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	103.92 (14)
Li2 ⁱⁱ —O3—Li1	107.36 (14)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	93.11 (12)
C1—O1—Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ	131.16 (15)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	24.28 (6)
C1—O1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	115.02 (14)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	128.01 (16)
Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	109.61 (14)	O4—Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	114.65 (15)
O2—C1—O1	124.14 (15)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	36.56 (9)
O2—C1—C2	118.10 (15)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	79.45 (12)
O1—C1—C2	117.76 (15)	C1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	56.56 (9)
O2—C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	84.56 (11)	O5 ⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱ	70.83 (11)
O1—C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	40.69 (10)	O4—Li2—Li1 ⁱ	109.49 (14)
C2—C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	155.18 (14)	O3 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱ	136.76 (16)
C3—C2—C1	114.33 (15)	O1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱ	34.63 (8)
C3—C2—H4B	109.1 (18)	C1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱ	57.93 (9)
C1—C2—H4B	109.9 (19)	Li1 ⁱⁱ —Li2—Li1 ⁱ	106.63 (13)
C3—C2—H4A	110.9 (19)	OW—Li1—O1 ^{iv}	113.60 (17)
C1—C2—H4A	108.1 (19)	OW—Li1—O3	118.66 (18)
H4B—C2—H4A	104 (3)	O1 ^{iv} —Li1—O3	107.99 (15)
N—C3—C2	110.69 (17)	OW—Li1—O2	106.31 (16)
N—C3—H3A	107.1 (15)	O1 ^{iv} —Li1—O2	110.88 (16)
C2—C3—H3A	109.1 (16)	O3—Li1—O2	98.23 (14)
N—C3—H3B	107.3 (16)	OW—Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	113.59 (15)
C2—C3—H3B	110.7 (16)	O1 ^{iv} —Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	131.51 (16)
H3A—C3—H3B	112 (2)	O3—Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	36.08 (8)
C3—N—HNA	112.0 (19)	O2—Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	64.94 (11)
C3—N—HNB	111 (2)	OW—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	121.10 (16)
HNA—N—HNB	108 (3)	O1 ^{iv} —Li1—Li2 ⁱ	35.76 (9)

supplementary materials

C3—N—HNC	110.0 (15)	O3—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	74.83 (11)
HNA—N—HNC	104 (2)	O2—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	129.47 (15)
HNB—N—HNC	111 (3)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —Li1—Li2 ⁱ	106.63 (13)
O6—S—O5—Li2 ⁱ	-145.5 (2)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —C1—C2—C3	150.7 (3)
O4—S—O5—Li2 ⁱ	95.8 (2)	C1—C2—C3—N	68.4 (2)
O3—S—O5—Li2 ⁱ	-23.6 (2)	S—O4—Li2—O5 ⁱ	26.6 (3)
O6—S—O4—Li2	166.47 (18)	S—O4—Li2—O3 ⁱⁱ	-97.5 (2)
O5—S—O4—Li2	-74.36 (19)	S—O4—Li2—O1 ⁱⁱ	139.41 (15)
O3—S—O4—Li2	44.8 (2)	S—O4—Li2—C1 ⁱⁱ	164.38 (13)
O6—S—O3—Li2 ⁱⁱ	-73.80 (19)	S—O4—Li2—Li1 ⁱⁱ	-136.35 (15)
O5—S—O3—Li2 ⁱⁱ	165.42 (16)	S—O4—Li2—Li1 ⁱ	103.89 (18)
O4—S—O3—Li2 ⁱⁱ	46.37 (18)	S—O3—Li1—OW	-69.2 (2)
O6—S—O3—Li1	82.47 (17)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —O3—Li1—OW	91.4 (2)
O5—S—O3—Li1	-38.31 (16)	S—O3—Li1—O1 ^{iv}	61.9 (2)
O4—S—O3—Li1	-157.36 (14)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —O3—Li1—O1 ^{iv}	-137.53 (16)
Li1—O2—C1—O1	-71.1 (2)	S—O3—Li1—O2	177.06 (10)
Li1—O2—C1—C2	108.25 (19)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —O3—Li1—O2	-22.34 (18)
Li1—O2—C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	-61.09 (16)	S—O3—Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	-160.61 (19)
Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O1—C1—O2	169.51 (18)	S—O3—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	48.28 (13)
Li2 ⁱⁱ —O1—C1—O2	15.4 (2)	Li2 ⁱⁱ —O3—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	-151.12 (17)
Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O1—C1—C2	-9.8 (3)	C1—O2—Li1—OW	-51.3 (2)
Li2 ⁱⁱ —O1—C1—C2	-163.97 (17)	C1—O2—Li1—O1 ^{iv}	-175.22 (15)
Li1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O1—C1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	154.1 (3)	C1—O2—Li1—O3	71.88 (19)
O2—C1—C2—C3	-3.3 (3)	C1—O2—Li1—Li2 ⁱⁱ	57.57 (16)
O1—C1—C2—C3	176.12 (17)	C1—O2—Li1—Li2 ⁱ	148.96 (17)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x-1, -y+2, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, -y+2, -z+1$; (iii) $x+1, y, z$; (iv) $x-1, y, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N—HNA \cdots O5 ^v	0.94 (4)	2.58 (4)	2.981 (2)	106 (3)
N—HNA \cdots O4 ^v	0.94 (4)	2.25 (4)	3.082 (3)	147 (3)
N—HNB \cdots O4 ^{vi}	0.88 (4)	2.02 (4)	2.851 (2)	157 (4)
N—HNC \cdots O2	0.93 (3)	2.32 (3)	2.928 (2)	123 (2)
N—HNC \cdots O2 ^{vii}	0.93 (3)	2.12 (3)	2.947 (2)	148 (2)

Symmetry codes: (v) $x+1, y, z-1$; (vi) $x, y, z-1$; (vii) $-x, -y+2, -z$.

Fig. 1

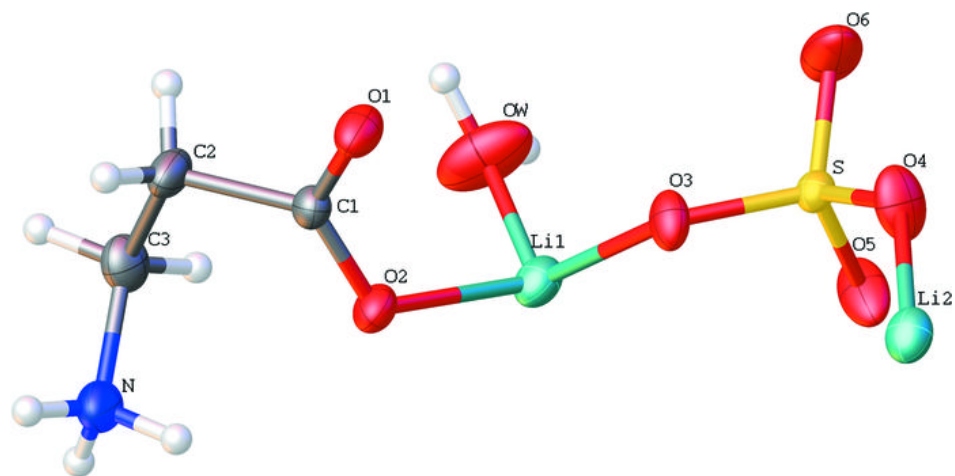


Fig. 2

